

# **Neonatal Core Data Index**

## Data Item, Data Type, Explanation, Values and Origin

Version 7: November 2007 Data items: 100

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## **REFERENCE DATASETS**

D 4 D 4	
BAPM	British Association of Perinatal Medicine
BNDS	Birth Notification Dataset
CAR	WM Congenital Anomalies Register
CDS	Commissioning Dataset
CEMACH	Confidential Enquiry into Maternal and Child Health
CMDS	Commissioning Minimum Dataset
CNST	Clinical Negligence Scheme for Trusts
ENN	EuroNeoNet
HCC	Healthcare Commission
HES	Hospital Episode Statistics
HOI	Health Outcome Indicators – Normal Pregnancy and Childbirth
MPAG	Maternity Professional Advisory Group – West Midlands
NCCMDS	Neonatal Critical Care Minimum Dataset
NNAP	National Neonatal Audit Project
NPAG	Neonatal Professional Advisory Group – West Midlands
NSC	National Screening Committee
ONS	Office for National Statistics
RCOG	Royal College of Obstetricians and Gynaecologists
RCPCH	Royal College of Paediatrics and Child Health
SS	SureStart

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#### Introduction

The neonatal core data index reflects the data items included in the MANNERS.NET (Neonatal) application, developed by the Perinatal Institute for the purpose of collecting and analysing information relating to care within the neonatal units of the West Midlands.

Each data item presented includes an explanation of what the data item is, along with the available input options.

The data items are categorised as either static, episodic or daily. This refers to the frequency of data input for each individual item. The explanations are as follows:

Static:items which only need to be entered once per baby, in the baby's lifetimeEpisodic:items which only need to be entered once per episode of neonatal careDaily:items which need to be recorded on a daily basis

The dataset incorporates the datasets of the National Neonatal Audit Programme (<u>www.ncap.org.uk</u>) and the Neonatal Critical Care Minimum Dataset (<u>http://www.connectingforhealth.nhs.uk/dscn/dscn2006/DSCN14-2006.pdf</u>)

## A. Demographic Details

Input Options

Data Origin

Data I tem	Mother's NHS number
Data Type	Static
Explanation	Unique identifier and can be used for record linkage with maternal data
Input Options	Numerical format
Data Origin	BAPM, NNAP, NPAG
Data I tem	Mother's date of birth
Data Type	Static
Explanation	To ascertain age at delivery
Input Options	DD/MM/YYYY
Data Origin	NPAG
Data I tem	Postcode
Data Type	Static
Explanation	To derive geographical distribution of babies

BAPM, CAR, CDS, CEMACH, HES, MPAG, NPAG, SS

Alphanumeric format

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Data Item	Ethnic Origin
Data Type	Static
Explanation	The current ONS/Census groupings do not meet requirements for medical data. The GEO
	classification is now used across the West Midlands. However, the options do map to
	ONS requirements for NN4B submissions.
	Classification by origin to support medical data
Input Options	Mutually exclusive
	Pick list within each group
	Africa
	North Africa
	Sub-Sahara
	Other
	Asia
	India
	Pakistan
	Bangladesh
	China
	Far East Asia – Other
	South East Asia
	Other
	Caribbean
	Europe
	Britain
	Ireland
	Northern Europe
	Western Europe
	Eastern Europe
	Southern Europe
	Other
	Middle East
	Other
Data Origin	BNDS, CDS, HES, MPAG, NPAG

#### **B. GP Details**

Data Item	GP Code
Data Type	Static
Explanation	Unique GP identifier
Input Options	Linked to National GP database
Data Origin	BNDS, CDS, CEMACH, HES, MPAG, NPAG
Data Item	GP Practice Code
<b>Data Item</b> Data Type	GP Practice Code Static
Data Type	Static

#### **C. Antenatal Steroids**

Data Item	Antenatal steroids
Data Type	Static
Explanation	All mothers in preterm labour should, if possible, receive a complete course of steroids.
	Antenatal steroids enhance foetal surfactant production and reduce neonatal morbidity
	and mortality in preterm babies
Input Options	Mutually exclusive
	None
	Incomplete Course
	Total number of doses
	Complete Course
	How many days prior to delivery
	Total number of doses
	Multiple Courses
	Total number of doses
Data Origin	BAPM, CEMACH, MPAG, NNAP, NPAG, RCOG

## D. Delivery

Data Item	Baby's NHS number
Data Type	Static
Explanation	Unique identifier. Used for record linkage in babies receiving care in more than one unit
	and for subsequent outcome data
Input Options	3-3-4 numerical format
Data Origin	BAPM, BNDS, CDS, CEMACH, HES, MPAG, NNAP, NPAG
Data Item	Booked place for delivery
Data Type	Static
Explanation	The first intended place of delivery by the healthcare professional in consultation with
	the mother
Input Options	Mutually exclusive
	Hospital in region (list of hospitals)
	Hospital outside region (specify)
	Home
	Private hospital
	Private birth centre
	Unbooked
Data Origin	BAPM, NNAP, NPAG
Data Item	Where delivered
Data Type	Static
Explanation	Important factor associated with outcome
1	Allows changes of intent re. place of delivery to be recorded
Input Options	Mutually exclusive
	NHS hospital (list of hospitals)
	Home
	BBA
	Private hospital
Data Origin	BAPM, BNDS, CDS, CEMACH, HES, MPAG, NPAG, SS
-	
Data Item	Date of birth
Data Type	Static
Explanation	Allows calculation of postnatal age
Input Options	Automatically generated by application
Data Origin	BAPM, BNDS, CDS, CEMACH, HES, MPAG, NCCMDS, NNAP, NPAG
Data Item	Time of birth
Data Type	Static
Explanation	Required to derive patient age for analysis by age at admission or discharge
Input Options	HH:MM (24 hour clock)
Data Origin	BAPM, BNDS, CDS, CEMACH, HES, MPAG, NNAP, NPAG

Data Item	Gestation at delivery
Data Type	Static
Explanation	A determinant of outcome
Input Options	Numerical format, expressed in weeks and days
Data Origin	BAPM, BNDS, CDS, CEMACH, HES, HOI, MPAG, NCCMDS, NNAP, NPAG
Data Item	Mode of delivery
Data Type	Static
Explanation	Can be related to outcome
Input Options	Mutually exclusive
	Vaginal cephalic
	Vaginal breech
	Instrumental
	Caesarean section
Data Origin	BNDS, HES, MPAG, NPAG
Data Itaw	Sav
Data Item	Sex
Data Type	Static
Explanation	Required to analyse outcome by sex
Input Options	Mutually exclusive
	Male
	Female
	Not specified
	Not known
Data Origin	BAPM, NPAG, NNAP
Data Item	Birthweight
Data Type	Static
Explanation	Indicator of pregnancy outcome
Input Options	Numerical format, expressed in grams
Data Origin	BAPM, BNDS, CDS, CEMACH, HES, HOI, MPAG, NNAP, NPAG
Data Item	Vitamin K
Data Type	Static
Explanation	Vitamin K administration prevents VKDB
Input Options	Mutually exclusive
	Given IV
	Given IM
	Given orally – no further doses needed
	Given orally – further doses needed
	Not given (specify reason)
Data Origin	DOH PL/CMO/98/3, DOH PL/CNO/98/4, MPAG, NPAG

Data Item	Birth Order
Data Type	Static
Explanation	To analyse pregnancy outcome according to birth order and to identify the individual
	baby resulting from a multiple birth pregnancy
Input Options	Numerical
Data Origin	BAPM, BNDS, CDS, CEMACH, HES, MPAG, NNAP, NPAG
Data Item	Number born this pregnancy
Data Type	Static
Explanation	Includes total number of fetuses recorded at any time in the pregnancy or after delivery,
	excluding fetus papyraceous
Input Options	Numerical
Data Origin	BAPM, NNAP, NPAG
Data I tem	Head Circumference
Data Type	Static
Explanation	Measured in centimetres (to nearest decimal place)
Input Options	Numerical
Data Origin	NPAG

## E. Resuscitation

Data Item	Professional leading resuscitation
Data Type	Static
Explanation	Staff trained in neonatal resuscitation favourably influence the management and
	outcome of an ill or preterm baby requiring resuscitation
Input Options	Mutually exclusive
	Midwife
	Neonatal nurse
	ANNP
	SHO
	Reg
	Consultant
	Other
Data Origin	CEMACH, MPAG, NPAG
Data Item	Type of resuscitation
Data Type	Static
Explanation	An indirect measure of the baby's condition at birth and response of professional present
	at birth
Input Options	Mutually exclusive
	Basic
	Advanced
	Non-mutually exclusive
	IPPV
	Cardiac Massage
	Drugs Given
	Non-mutually exclusive
	Adrenalin
	Bicarb
	Volume
	Glucose
Data Origin	CDS, HES, MPAG, NPAG
Data Item	Apgar score @ 1 min
Data Type	Static
Explanation	Low apgar score indicates need for resuscitation and is related to outcome
Input Options	Numerical format
Data Origin	HES, MPAG, NPAG
Data Item	Apgar score @ 5 mins
Data Type	Static
Explanation	Low apgar score indicates need for resuscitation and is related to outcome. Five minute
	score is an indication of response to and effectiveness of resuscitation
Input Options	Numerical format
Data Origin	HES, MPAG, NPAG

Data Item	Apgar score @ 10 mins
Data Type	Static
Explanation	Low apgar score indicates need for resuscitation and is related to outcome. Ten minute
	score is an indication of the need for resuscitation and of the response to resuscitation.
Input Options	Numerical format
Data Origin	MPAG, NPAG

### F. Admission Details

Data Item	Date of admission
Data Type	Episodic
Explanation	Required to analyse patient age at admission and assists in record linkage in babies
	transferred between units
Input Options	DD/MM/YYYY
Data Origin	BAPM, HES, NCCMDS, NNAP, NPAG
Data Item	Time of admission
Data Type	Episodic
Explanation	Required to analyse patient age at admission and assists in record linkage in babies
	transferred between units
Input Options	HH:MM (24 hour clock)
Data Origin	BAPM, HES, NCCMDS, NNAP, NPAG
Data Item	Source of admission
Data Type	Episodic
Explanation	Allows analysis of transfer of babies
Input Options	Mutually exclusive
	Delivery Suite
	Theatre
	Other ward this hospital
	Other hospital (list of hospitals)
	Responsibility for transfer
	Ex-utero transfer by their staff
	Ex-utero retrieval by our staff
	Other (specify)
Data Origin	BAPM, NNAP, NPAG
Data Item	First temperature on admission
Data Type	Episodic
Explanation	In the preterm baby, low temperature on admission is associated with increase in
	mortality and morbidity
Input Options	Numerical format, expressed in degrees Celsius
Data Origin	BAPM, NNAP, NPAG
Data Item	First documented consultation with parent/carer
Data Type	Episodic
Explanation	Early communication with parents/carers is an important part of good neonatal care.
Explanation	Documentation of the information given about the baby is good practice
Input Options	Non-mutually exclusive
1 F	Time of first documented consultation
	Designation of staff
	Neonatal Consultant
	Registrar
	ANNP
Data Origin	NNAP, NPAG
-	

## G. Levels Of Care

Data Item	Days of Intensive Care
Data Type	Daily
Explanation	Total number of days of intensive care, as defined in BAPM standards document. Any period of intensive care in 24 hours constitutes a day. The 24 hour period runs from midnight to midnight, however, units may use any other 24 hour period, e.g. 9am to 9am, as long as this remains consistent.
Input Options	Automatically generated by application, derived from associated daily data item
Data Origin	BAPM
Data Item	Days of High Dependency
Data Type	Daily
Explanation	Total number of days of high dependency care , as defined in BAPM standards document. Any period of high dependency care in 24 hours constitutes a day. The 24 hour period runs from midnight to midnight, however, units may use any other 24 hour period, e.g. 9am to 9am, as long as this remains consistent.
Input Options	Automatically generated by application, derived from associated daily data item
Data Origin	BAPM
Data Item	Special Care
Data Type	Daily
Explanation	Recorded if baby meets requirements on that day for special care
Input Options	Automatically generated by application, derived from associated daily data item
Data Origin	BAPM
Data Item	Normal Care
Data Type	Daily
Explanation	Recorded if baby meets requirements on that day for normal care
Input Options	Automatically generated by application, derived from associated daily data item
Data Origin	BAPM

## H. Respiration

Data Item	Chest Drainage
Data Type	Daily
Explanation	Chest drain in place at any time during a 24 hour period and a measure of the unit's
	activity.
Input Options	Daily input
Data Origin	BAPM, NCCMDS, NPAG
Data Item	NCPAP
Data Type	Daily
Explanation	A measure of the use of NCPAP during a 24 hour period and of the unit's activity
Input Options	Daily input
Data Origin	BAPM, NCCMDS, NPAG
Data Item	Oxygen Therapy
Data Type	Daily
Explanation	Continuous oxygen given any time during a 24 hour period and a measure of the unit's
	activity
Input Options	Daily input
Data Origin	NCCMDS
Data Item	Pneumothorax
Data Type	Daily
Explanation	Pneumothorax is associated with significant morbidity and is associated with some
	treatments
Input Options	Non-mutually exclusive
	Spontaneous
	If no, whilst receiving CPAP?
	Occurred during transfer from another hospital (pick list)
Data Origin	NCCMDS
Data Maria	
Data Item	Severe Apnoea
Data Type	Daily
Explanation	Needing frequent intervention i.e. over 5 stimulations in 8 hours, or resuscitation with IPPV 2 or more times in a calendar day.
Input Options	
Data Origin	Daily input NCCMDS
Data Item	Steroids for CLD
Data Type	Daily
Explanation	Postnatal systemic steroids for the treatment of chronic lung disease are associated with
	significant adverse neuro-developmental outcome.
	This is not to include systemic steroids administered to treat upper airway oedema, or
	include inhaled steroids
Input Options	Daily Input
Data Origin	NPAG

Data Item	Tracheostomy
Data Type	Daily
Explanation	Record of care of tracheostomy and measure of unit's activity
Input Options	Mutually exclusive
	Care undertaken by nursing staff
	Care undertaken by external carer (parents)
Data Origin	NCCMDS
Data Item	Ventilated by ETT
Data Type	Daily
Explanation	Allows calculation of a unit's experience of ventilation and allows comparison of duration
	of ventilation with differing practices
Input Options	Time of intubation
Data Origin	BAPM, NCCMDS, NPAG
Data Item	Mode of Ventilation
Data Type	Daily
Explanation	The mode of ventilation used
Input Options	IPPV
	HFOV
	Nitric Oxide
Data Origin	NPAG
<b>.</b>	
Data Item	Surfactant administration
Data Type	Daily
Explanation	Record of whether surfactant was given at any time. Also includes surfactant given at
la suit Ostissa	delivery.
Input Options	Non-mutually exclusive
	Time of dose
	Type of surfactant
	Survanta
	Curosurf
Data Origin	
Data Origin	BAPM, NNAP, NPAG

## I. Neurological

Data Item	Convulsions
Data Type	Daily
Explanation	Clinical seizures noted during a 24 hour period
Input Options	Daily input
Data Origin	NCCMDS
Data Item	Cranial Ultrasound Scan
Data Type	Daily
Explanation	Persistent echodensity and cystic periventricular leukomalacia are associated with
	adverse neurodevelopmental outcome
Input Options	Non-mutually exclusive
	Haemorrhages
	Normal
	Localised IVH
	IVH with ventricular dilatation
	Other (details)
	Parenchymal Lesions
	Intraparenchymal echo density
	Single large cyst
	Multiple cysts
	None
	Ventricular Size
	Normal
	Ventrigulomegaly > 97 <sup>th</sup> centile
	Arrested ventriculomegaly > 97 <sup>th</sup> centile
	Ventriculomegaly shunted
Data Origin	BAPM
Data Item	Encephalopathy
Data Type	Daily
Explanation	Moderate and severe encephalopathy are associated with significant adverse outcome
Input Options	Mutually exclusive
	Mild - grade 1
	Moderate - grade 2
Data Origin	Severe - grade 3
Data Origin	BAPM
Data Item	Neonatal Abstinence Syndrome
Data Type	Daily
Explanation	Required treatment for neonatal abstinence syndrome during this 24 hour period
Input Options	Daily input
Data Origin	BAPM, NCCMDS, NPAG

## J. CVS

Data Item	Date of blood pressure
Data Type	Daily
Explanation	Preterm babies should have blood pressure monitored. This is a measure of process and
	will be used to compare practices across units
Input Options	DD/MM/YYYY
Data Origin	NNAP, NPAG
Data Item	Time of blood pressure
Data Type	Daily
Explanation	Preterm babies should have blood pressure monitored. This is a measure of process and
	will be used to compare practices across units
Input Options	HH: MM
Data Origin	NNAP, NPAG
Data Item	Hypotension
Data Type	Daily
Explanation	Preterm babies should have blood pressure monitored. This is a measure of process and
	will be used to compare practices across units
Input Options	Mutually exclusive
	No
	Yes
Data Origin	NNAP, NPAG
Data Item	Patent Ductus Arteriosus (PDA)
Data Type	Daily
Explanation	A measure of PDA requiring surgery. Has resource implications for neonatal transport
	services. This does not allow recording of data on the incidence of significant PDA or the
	outcome of treatment of PDA
Input Options	Mutually exclusive
	Clinical criteria
	Echo criteria
	Both
Data Origin	BAPM, NPAG
Data Item	PDA Indomethacin
Data Type	Daily
Explanation	A measure of the number of PDAs requiring indomethacin
Input Options	Mutually exclusive
	Treatment
	Prophylaxis
Data Origin	BAPM, NPAG

## K. Sepsis

Data Item	Barrier Nursed
Data Type	Daily
Explanation	Record of patient being barrier nursed (i.e. for contagious diseases)
Input Options	Daily input
Data Origin	NCCMDS
Data Item	Necrotising Enterocolitis
Data Type	Daily
Explanation	Medical treatment for NEC undertaken during this 24 hour period
Input Options	Daily input
Data Origin	BAPM, NPAG
Data Itana	
Data Item	Stage of Necrotising Enterocolitis
Data Type	Daily
Explanation	Stages as defined in Bell's staging criteria for Necrotising Enterocolitis
Input Options	Mutually exclusive
	Stage 1 (suspect)
	Stage 2 (Confirmed)
Data Origin	Stage 3 (advanced) NPAG
Data Origin	
Data Item	Treatment for Necrotising Enterocolitis
Data Type	Daily
Explanation	Treatment for NEC ( eg no enteral feeding and antibiotics) undertaken during this 24
	hour period
Input Options	Daily Input
Data Origin	BAPM, NPAG
Data Item	Infection
Data Type	Daily
Explanation	Record of bacteraemia infections
Input Options	Mutually exclusive
	Pathogen (list of pathogens)
	Probably contaminant
	Culture Negative Sepsis
Data Origin	NPAG
Data Item	Meningitis
Data Type	Daily
Explanation	Record of meningitis
Input Options	Mutually exclusive
	Pathogen (list of pathogens)
	Probably contaminant
	Culture Negative Sepsis
Data Origin	NPAG

#### L. Screening

Data Item	Hearing Screening Undertaken
Data Type	Episodic
Explanation	Facilitates audit of practice and adherence to guidelines
Input Options	Mutually exclusive
	Follow up required
	None required
Data Origin	BAPM, MPAG, NPAG, NSC
Data Item	Neonatal Bloodspot Test
Data Type	Episodic
Explanation	Enables calculation of age at test and audit of practice
Input Options	DD/MM/YYYY
Data Origin	MPAG, NPAG, NSC
Data Item	ROP
Data Type	Episodic
Explanation	Record of screening undertaken
Input Options	Mutually exclusive
	Discharged before screening (to be arranged)
	Not screened (did not meet criteria)
	Screened (met criteria)
	No ROP
	Stage 1
	Stage 2
	Stage 3
	Stage 4
	Stage 5
Data Origin	BAPM, NNAP

#### **M.** Anomalies

Data Item	Congenital Anomaly
Data Type	Episodic
Explanation	To measure incidence of congenital anomaly in babies admitted to neonatal unit
Input Options	Mutually exclusive
	Suspected (list of anomalies)
	Known (list of anomalies)
Data Origin	BAPM, CAR, MPAG, N- PAG

#### N. Medication

Data Item	Immunisation
Data Type	Episodic
Explanation	Record of immunisations given to patient
Input Options	Non-mutually exclusive
	BCG
	Dip/Tet/Pert
	Hib
	Нер В
	Men C
	Polio
	Pneumococcal
	Palivizumab
Data Origin	NPAG
Data Item	IV Medications
Data Type	Daily
Explanation	Record of IV medications administered to patient
Input Options	Non-mutually exclusive
	Inotropes
	Pulmonary Vasodilator
	Prostaglandin
	IV Steroids
	Volume
	Other IV medications
Data Origin	NCCMDS
Data Item	High Cost Drugs
Data Type	Daily
Explanation	To record the use of high cost drugs and to supplement HRG
Input Options	Non-mutually exclusive
	Amphotericin Liposomal
	Alteplase
	Epoetin Beta
	Epoprostenol
	Flucytosine
	Octreotide
	Sandoglobulin
	Sildenafil
	Sodium Phenylbutyrate
	Vigam
Data Origin	NCCMDS
5	

## O. Monitoring

Data Item	Continuous monitoring
Data Type	Daily
Explanation	Requiring continuous monitoring (by mechanical monitoring equipment) of respiration or
	heart rate, or by transcutaneous transducers, or by saturation monitors.
Input Options	Daily input
Data Origin	NCCMDS
Data Item	Regular Observations
Data Type	Daily
Explanation	Recorded observations for temperature, heart rate, respiratory rate, blood pressure or scoring
	for neonatal abstinence syndrome. Recorded observations must be at a minimum frequency of
	4 hourly.
Input Options	Daily input
Data Origin	NCCMDS
Data Item	Special Monitoring
Data Type	Daily
Explanation	Receiving special monitoring of blood glucose or serum bilirubin measurement at a
	minimum frequency of more than one calendar day
Input Options	Daily input
Data Origin	NCCMDS

## P. Feeding

Data Origin

Data Item	Glucose and Electrolytes
Data Type	Daily
Explanation	Record of glucose and electrolytes on a given day
Input Options	Daily input
Data Origin	NCCMDS
Data Item	Tube Fed
Data Type	Daily
Explanation	Record of patient being tube fed on a given day
Input Options	Daily input

NCCMDS

#### **Q. Clinical Procedures**

Data Item	Exchange Transfusion
Data Type	Daily
Explanation	Record of transfusions undertaken
Input Options	Mutually exclusive
	Partial
	Complete
Data Origin	BAPM, NCCMDS
Data Item	Haemofiltration
Data Type	Daily
Explanation	Record of transfusions undertaken
Input Options	Mutually exclusive
	Yes
	No
Data Origin	NCCMDS
Data Item	Indwelling Catheters
Data Type	Daily
Explanation	Record of type of catheter required by patient
Input Options	Non-mutually exclusive
	Umbilical Arterial Catheter
	Umbilical Venous Catheter
	Peripheral Arterial Line
	Percutaneous Central Venous Line
Data Origin	BAPM, NCCMDS
Data Item	Peritoneal Dialysis
Data Type	Daily
Explanation	Record of patient receiving peritoneal dialysis
Input Options	Daily input
Data Origin	BAPM, NCCMDS
Data Item	Phototherapy
Data Type	Daily
Explanation	Record of patient undergoing phototherapy
Input Options	Daily input
Data Origin	NCCMDS

Data Item	Surgery
Data Type	Daily
Explanation	Record of surgery performed
Input Options	Mutually exclusive
	PDA Ligation
	Unit of surgery (list of hospitals)
	NEC
	Unit of surgery (list of hospitals)
	Laser Surgery for ROP
	Unit of surgery (list of hospitals)
	Other (please specify)
	Unit of surgery (list of hospitals)
Data Origin	BAPM, NCCMDS
Data Item	Total Parenteral Nutrition
Data Type	Daily
Explanation	Record of patient receiving Parenteral Nutrition (amino acids +/- lipids)
Input Options	Daily input
Data Origin	BAPM, NCCMDS
Data Item	Weight
Data Type	Daily
Explanation	Record of patient's weight on a given day
Input Options	Weight in grams
Data Origin	BAPM, NCCMDS

#### R. Discharge

Data Item	Carer resident
Data Type	Daily
Explanation	An external carer (for example, a parent) resident with the baby which reduces care required
	by nursing staff.
Input Options	Daily input
Data Origin	NCCMDS
Data Item	Date care episode completed
Data Type	Episodic
Explanation	Required to analyse patient age at discharge and assists in record linkage in babies
	transferred between units
Input Options	DD/MM/YYYY
Data Origin	NCCMDS, NNAP
Data Item	Time care episode completed
Data Type	Episodic
Explanation	Required to analyse patient age at discharge and assists in record linkage in babies
	transferred between units
Input Options	HH: MM
Data Origin	BAPM, HES, NCCMDS, NPAG , NNAP
Data Item	Destination
Data Type	Episodic
Explanation	Allows record linkage and analysis of movement of babies within hospital and within
	region or network.
Input Options	Transferred (see R1)
	Discharged (see R2)
	Died (see R3)
Data Origin	BAPM, HES, NNAP, NPAG

## **R1. If option for destination is transferred**

Data Item	Reason for transfer
Data Type	Episodic
Explanation	Required to determine whether transfer was done for clinical reasons or because of a
	lack of resources (cots, staff etc.) at caring unit. Non-clinical is to be picked if because of
	resources
Input Options	Mutually exclusive
	Clinical
	Special care
	Neonatal Intensive Care
	ECMO
	Nitric oxide
	HFOV
	Surgery
	Scan (e.g. cardiac)
	Specialist medical care (e.g. respiratory)
	Non clinical
Data Origin	NCCMDS, NNAP
Data Item	Method of feeding
Data Type	Episodic
Explanation	Record of method of feeding at time of transfer
Input Options	Mutually exclusive
	Breast
	Bottle
	Breast milk
	Artificial milk
	Mixed
	Other (please specify)
	Breast and bottle
	Breast milk
	Artificial milk
	Mixed
	Other (please specify)
	Nasogastric Tube
	Breast milk
	Artificial milk
	Mixed
	Other (please specify)
	Сир
	Breast milk
	Artificial milk
	Mixed
	Other (please specify)
	Other (please specify)
Data Origin	NPAG

Data Item	Date of last mother's breast milk feed
Data Type	Episodic
Explanation	This was the last date on which any of the mother's breast milk was given, whether or not other milk was being given. If the baby is discharged taking at least some of its mother's breast milk then the date entered is the same as the discharge date. Milk can be given by any methods (breast, nasogastric tube, syringe, cup etc). If no mother's breast milk was ever given during the admission, this field is left blank. This does not include banked breast milk.
Input Options	DD/MM/YYYY
Data Origin	NNAP
Data Item	Drugs on discharge
Data Type	Episodic
Explanation	Record of drugs patient is on when transferred
Input Options	No
	Yes
	Non-mutually exclusive
	Multivitamins
	Iron
	Folic acid
	Other (please specify)
Data Origin	NPAG
Data Item	Transport Team
Data Type	Episodic
Explanation	Identifies core members and is a measure of the dependency of the baby at that time
Input Options	Mutually exclusive
	Trained nurse only
	Medical/ANNP and nurse
Data Origin	NPAG
Data Item	Transfer destination
Data Type	Episodic
Explanation	Record of where patient is transferred to
Input Options	List of destinations
Data Origin	NNAP, NPAG

## R2. If option for destination is discharged

Data Item	Reason for discharge
Data Type	Episodic
Explanation	Record of why patient has been discharged
Input Options	Ready
	Other (please specify)
Data Origin	NCCMDS
-	
Data Item	Discharge destination
Data Type	Episodic
Explanation	Record of where patient had been discharged to
Input Options	Home
	Other ward (this hospital)
Data Origin	BAPM, NNAP
Data Item	Head circumference
Data Type	Episodic
Explanation	The final reliable head circumference of the baby obtained prior to discharge from the
	unit (record in centimetres to one decimal place), ideally obtained less than 24 hours
	prior to discharge
Input Options	Numerical
Data Origin	BAPM, NPAG
Data Item	Method of feeding
Data Type	Episodic
Explanation	Record of method of feeding at time of discharge
Input Options	Mutually exclusive
	Breast
	Bottle
	Breast milk
	Artificial milk
	Mixed
	Other (please specify)
	Breast and bottle
	Breast milk
	Artificial milk
	Mixed
	Other (please specify)
	Nasogastric Tube
	Breast milk
	Artificial milk
	Mixed
	Other (please specify)
	Cup
	Breast milk
	Artificial milk
	Mixed
	Other (please specify)
Data Origin	Other (please specify)
Data Origin	NPAG

Data Item	Date of last mother's breast milk feed	
Data Type	Episodic	
Explanation	This was the last date on which any of the mother's breast milk was given, whether or	
	not other milk was being given. If the baby is discharged taking at least some of its	
	mother's breast milk then the date entered is the same as the discharge date. Milk can	
	be given by any methods (breast, nasogastric tube, syringe, cup etc). If no mother's	
	breast milk was ever given during the admission, this field is left blank. This does not	
	include banked breast milk	
Input Options	DD/MM/YYYY	
Data Origin	NNAP	
Data Item	Drugs on discharge	
Data Type	Episodic	
Explanation	Record of drugs patient is on when discharged	
Input Options	No	
	Yes	
	Non-mutually exclusive	
	Multivitamins	
	Iron	
	Folic acid	
	Other (please specify)	
Data Origin	NPAG	
Data Item	Home on oxygen	
Data Type	Episodic	
Explanation	Requiring intermittent or continuous supplementation with oxygen on the day of	
·	discharge	
Input Options	Yes	
	No	
Data Origin	BAPM, NPAG	

## **R3. If option for destination is when patient died**

Data Item	Postmortem examination
Data Type	Static
Explanation	Used to determine postmortem rate and refusal rate
Input Options	Mutually exclusive
	Held/being arranged
	Requested but consent not given
	Parental consent but no autopsy performed
	Not requested
	Coroner's postmortem
Data Origin	BAPM, CEMACH, NPAG
Data Item	Causes of death
Data Type	Static
Explanation	List of causes of death
Input Options	Mutually exclusive
	Lethal Congenital Anomaly
	Extreme Prematurity
	IVH
	Acute Neonatal Encephalopathy
	Pulmonary Hypoplasia
	Septicaemia
	Necrotising Enterocolitis
	Respiratory Distress Syndrome
	Chronic Lung Disease
	Renal Disease
	Other (please specify)
Data Origin	CMACH, NPAG, ONS
Data Item	Unconfirmed death
Data Type	Static
Explanation	Death occurring at other ward or hospital
Input Options	Daily input
Data Origin	NPAG

## Appendix A

Data items for National Neonatal Audit Project www.ncap.org.uk

Static (once per baby)

- NHS Number Baby
- NHS Number Mother
- Number of fetuses
- Birth order
- Gestation at birth
- Date and time of birth
- Birthweight
- Sex
- Intended place of delivery
- Antenatal Steroids
- Date of surfactant administration
- Date and time of 1<sup>st</sup> blood pressure
- Date and time of 1<sup>st</sup> temperature measurement
- Result of 1<sup>st</sup> temperature
- Date and time of first consultation
- Date of 1<sup>st</sup> ROP screening

#### Episodic (once per stay)

- Provider code
- Date and time of admission
- Source of admission
- Reason for transfer
- Date and time of discharge
- Date of last mother's breast milk feed
- Discharge destination

#### Appendix B

#### Data items for Neonatal Critical Care Minimum Dataset http://www.connectingforhealth.nhs.uk/dscn/dscn2006/DSCN14-2006.pdf

- Date of birth
- Date of discharge
- Method of discharge
- Critical care local identifier
- Date and time of start of episode of care (admission?)
- Date and time of discharge
- Where care was given
- Gestation at delivery
- Activity date
- Last recorded weight
- Activity codes
  - Respiratory support via a tracheal tube
  - nCPAP
  - Surgery
  - Exchange transfusion
  - Peritoneal Dialysis or Haemofiltration
  - Infusion of inotrope, pulmonary vasodilator or prostaglandin
  - Parenteral nutrition
  - Convulsions
  - Oxygen therapy
  - Neonatal abstinence syndrome
  - Care of an intra-arterial catheter or chest drain
  - Dilution exchange transfusion
  - Tracheostomy cared for by nursing staff
  - Tracheostomy cared for by external carer
  - Recurrent apnoea
  - Carer resident caring for baby
  - Continuous monitoring
  - Intravenous glucose and electrolyte solution
  - Tube-fed
  - Barrier nursed
  - Phototherapy
  - Special monitoring
  - Observations at regular intervals
  - Intravenous medication
  - No defined activity
- High cost drugs